# High Speed Migration 100G & Beyond

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# BANDWIDTH GROWTH

Mobile Data

IP Video

Global Cloud IP Traffic

Global IP Traffic



CAGR: 50+%

CAGR: 35%+



CAGR: 30%+

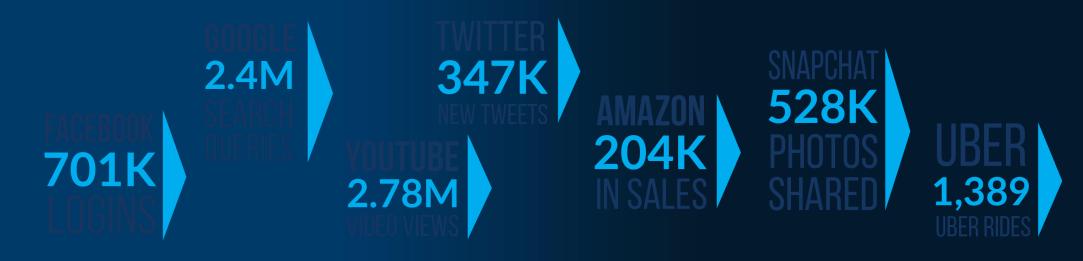


CAGR: 20+%

Source: CISCO

# The reality—

2016: What happens in an internet minute?



ONE INTERNET MINUTE





## The challenge

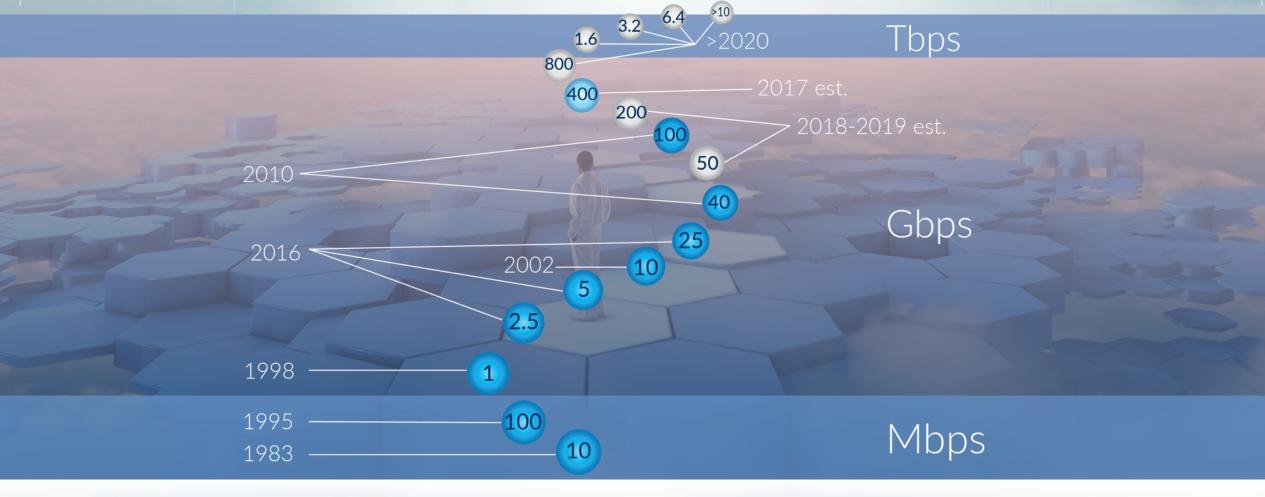
# Adapt your data center infrastructure in order to:

- Increase equipment port count and fiber density
- Support faster lane capacities
- Reduce latency
- Prepare to migrate to higher speeds



### A roadmap exists...

...but the path forward is anything but straight



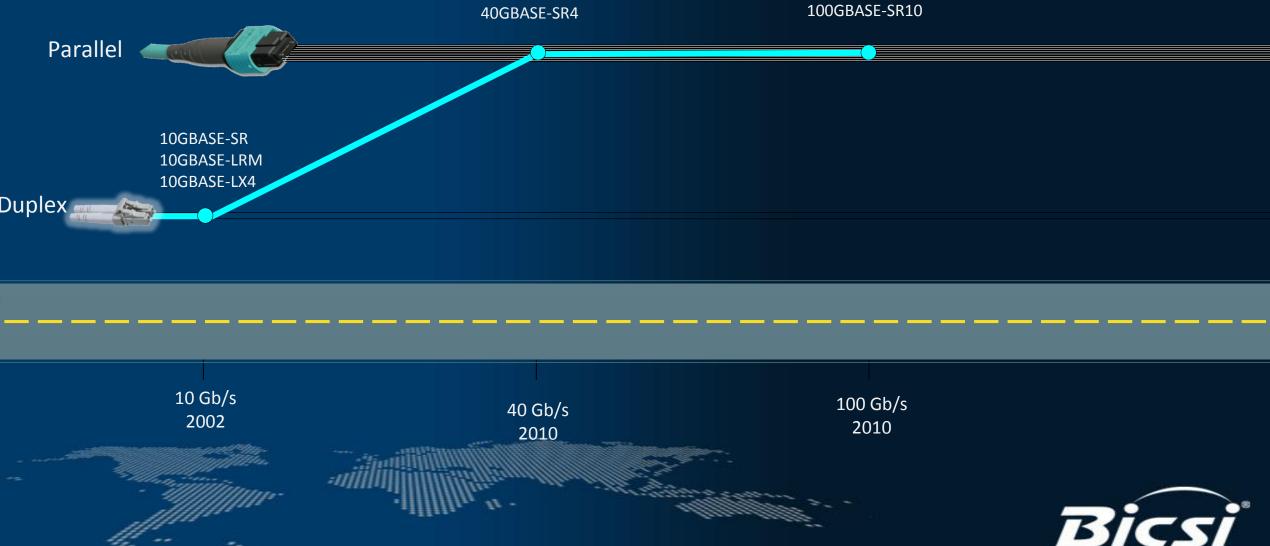




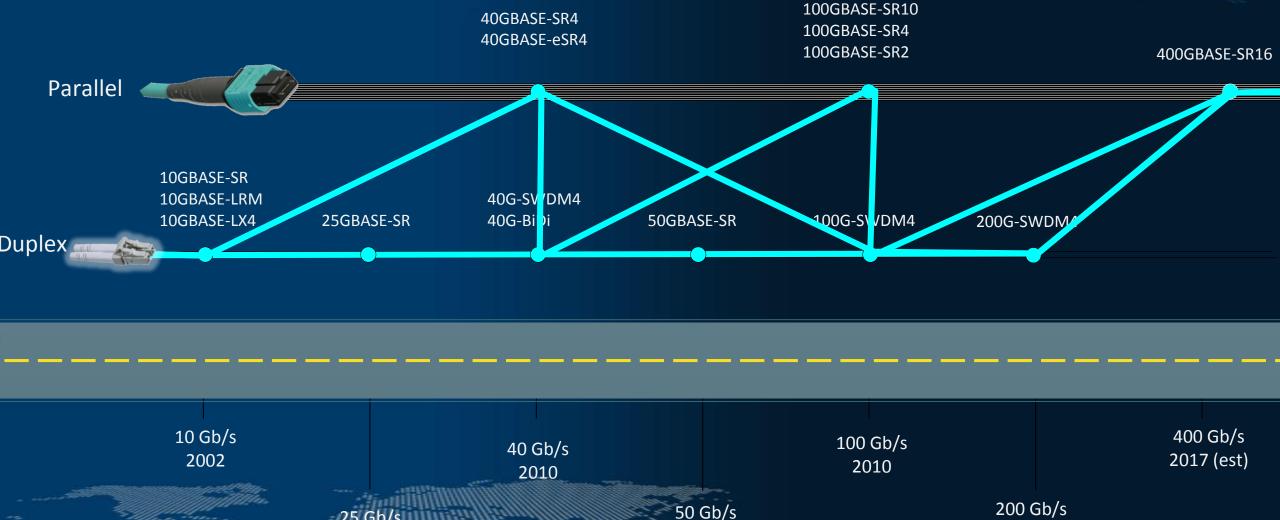




# Ethernet Roadmap and Transmission Initial Standards (2010)



### **Ethernet Roadmap and Transmission Future - SWDM**



Many options for moving between duplex and parallel

2018-2020 (est)

2018-2020 (est)

25 Gb/s

2016 (est)



## Which way?

- 8-fiber, 12-fiber, 24-fiber...which MPO?
- 25G/50G is in—40G is ?
- Optics: duplex, parallel or both?
- WBMMF, a game changer



#### Your network infrastructure must be:







Agile & Flexible

High Density & Ultra-Low Loss

**Cloud Friendly** 





## Agile, flexible and future ready

- Respond to sudden and unexpected changes with easy to use panels, modules, fiber and connectors
- Support emerging applications with optimal fiber configuration with a complete portfolio of single and multimode fiber and connector options for all major MPO fiber configurations

**MPO-24** 

MPO-8

MPO-12





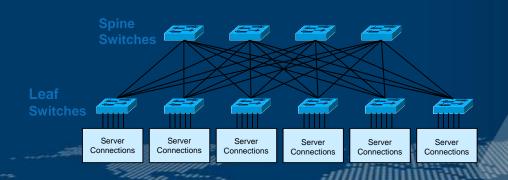
### Higher speeds - minimal redesign

- Evolve at your own speed with singlemode or multimode optics—modular components support 25-, 40-, 50-, 100-, 400 Gbps and beyond
- Support advanced, attenuation-sensitive technologies—end-to-end links with multimode ultra-low-loss fiber solutions
- Increase scalability— OM5 WideBand (MMF) quadruples capacity while maintaining legacy duplex multimode fiber architectures



# Higher density - easier management and lower costs

- Support the fiber and equipment port density required for leaf-and-spine networks with high- and ultra-high density fiber panels that keep link connections accessible and manageable
- Reduce the time, cost and risk of moves, adds, and changes with pre-terminated connectivity and plug-and-play installation





# Blueprint for a long-term migration strategy

Create an agile, manageable and fiber-dense infrastructure that can support higher-speed applications and technologies as they continue to evolve—scaling easily with minimal disruption.



# • HIGH-SPEED MIGRATION COMPONENTS Fiber panels, cables and connectors

- High-density (HD): 48 duplex LC or 32 MPO ports per RU
- Ultra-high density (UD): 72 duplex LC or 48 MPO ports per RU
  - Both support singlemode, OM4 and OM5 multimode
  - G2 compatible modules and adapter packs
- **OM5 WideBand multimode:** Enables shortwave division multiplexing and increases capacity by a factor of four
- Ultra-low loss pre-terminated cable: Supports longer link spans and the infrastructure design needed for guaranteed operational availability
- G.657.A2 singlemode: Delivers lowest bend losses—for macroas well as micro-bending
- Wide range of MPO configurations: 8-, 12- and 24-fiber
- 24-fiber MPO ensures lowest "first cost" duplex deployment

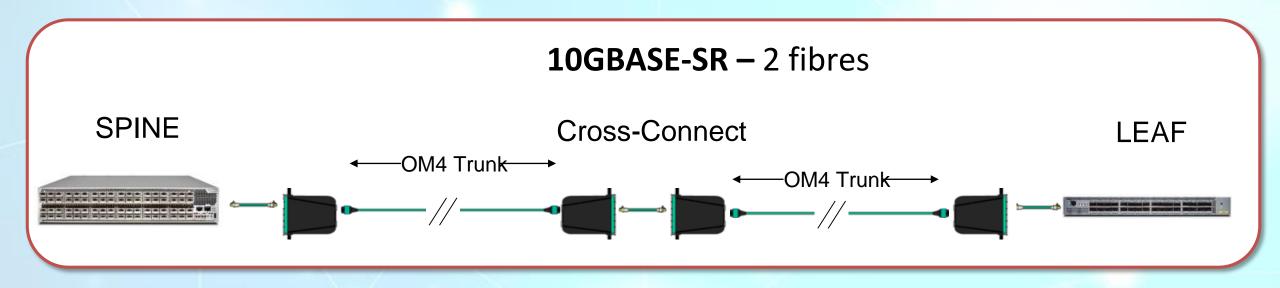


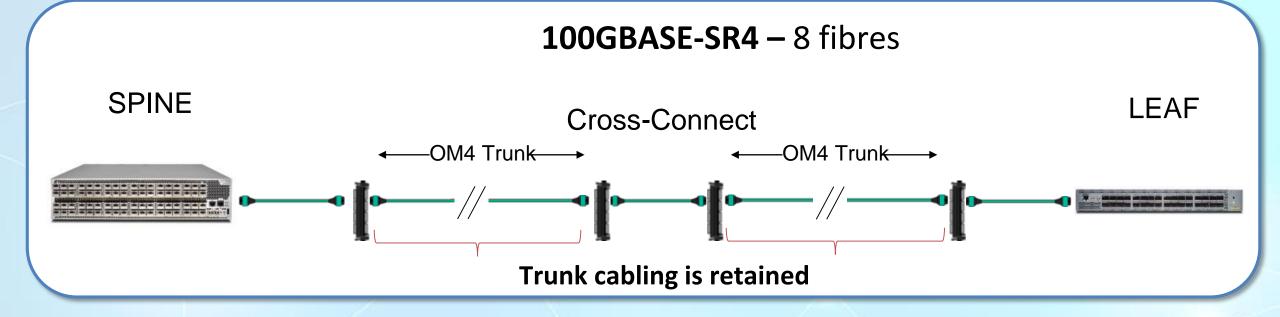


**Automated Intelligent Management** 



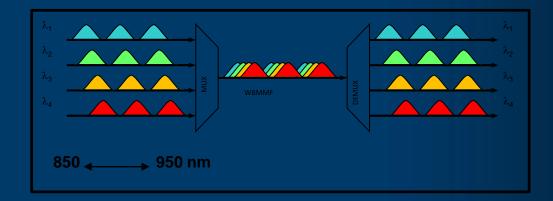
#### Example Migration from Duplex to Parallel – OM4

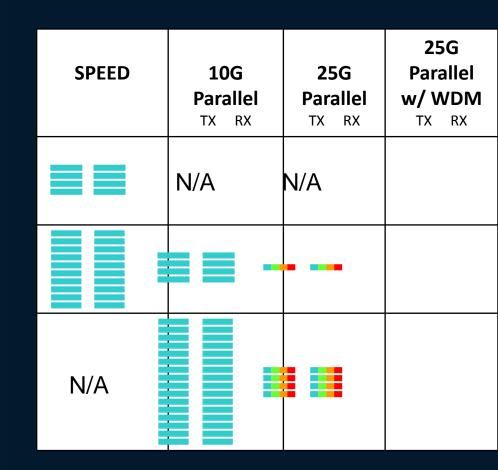




#### Multimode Fiber Evolution OM5 – Wave Division Multiplexing

- Multiple wavelengths reduce # of fibers
- Need sufficient BW over spectrum
  - 4 wavelengths over a single fibre
  - 25nm spacing for low-cost WDM





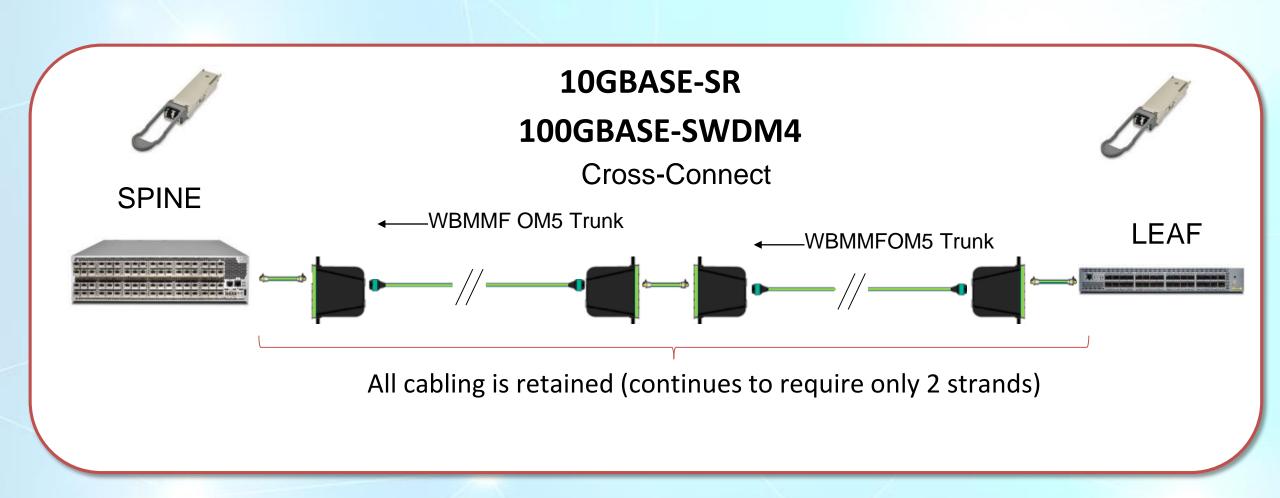
40G

100G

400G



# Migration from 10G to 100G with SWDM and WBMMF OM5





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